Analysis of the Reputation System and User Contributions on a Question Answering Website: **StackOverflow**

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Motivation

- Q&A networks are gaining popularity
- Most information is created by a small set of expert users.
- How to find and motivate expert users?
- Case study: StackOverflow



Questions

Tags

Users

Badges

Unanswered

Strange javascript object init?



I recently came across this variable initialization in a WebGL tutorial:



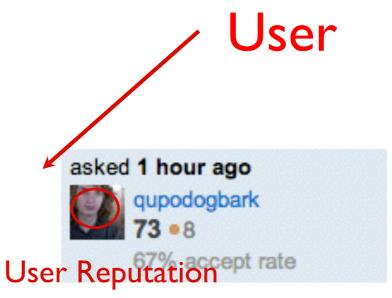
var mouse = { x: 0, y: 0 }, INTERSECTED;



I've never seen this format. I understand it's creating an object with an x and y property, but how is INTERSECTED related to the variable/object?

Thanks!

javascript variables object initialization
share edit flag



3 Accepted Answer

I may get it wrong, but I think It is just like

Users that answered

var A=3,B;

Defines A with value 3 and B uninitialized. INTERSECTED is just another var.

share | edit | flag

answered 1 hour ago

FrancescoMM
465 • 5

2 ... and B undefined . – jAndy 52 mins ago

add comment



Upvotes

The line is simply declaring two variables (mouse and INTERSECTED), and initializing mouse to $\{x:0,y:0\}$.

INTERSECTED is not necessarily related to mouse, though clear code should only declare multiple variables together if they are highly related (even then, many prefer to declare every variable on a separate line).

share | edit | flag

answered 1 hour ago

Cameron

19.2k • 3 • 39 • 75

StackOverflow Analysis

- In this work:
 - √ Analysis of the SO reputation system (expert users)
 - ✓ Participation patterns of expert and non-expert users
 - √ SVD and PageRank analysis of the SO interaction graph
 - ✓ Prediction of influential users using first months of activity

StackOverflow Dataset

- All actions performed in years: 2008-2012
- 3.5 M questions, 6.9 M answers, 1.3 M users
- 2.1 M accepted answers (62% of Q)
- Total votes:
 - 5.5 M for Q
 - 13 M for A

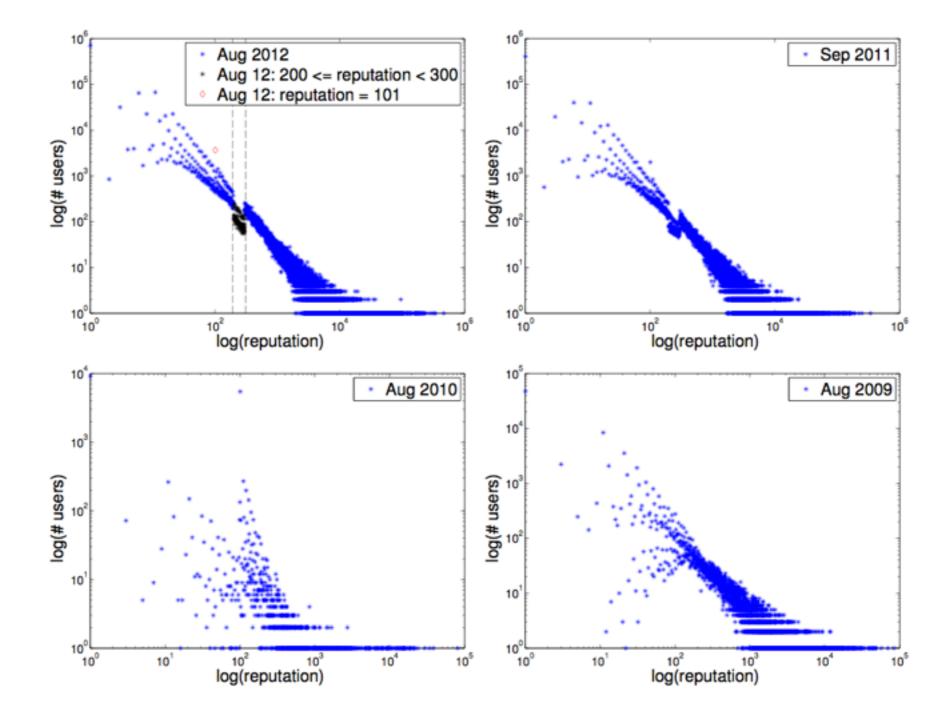
SO Reputation

- Users gain reputation by participating in site activities
- 2012 reputation range: I 465K

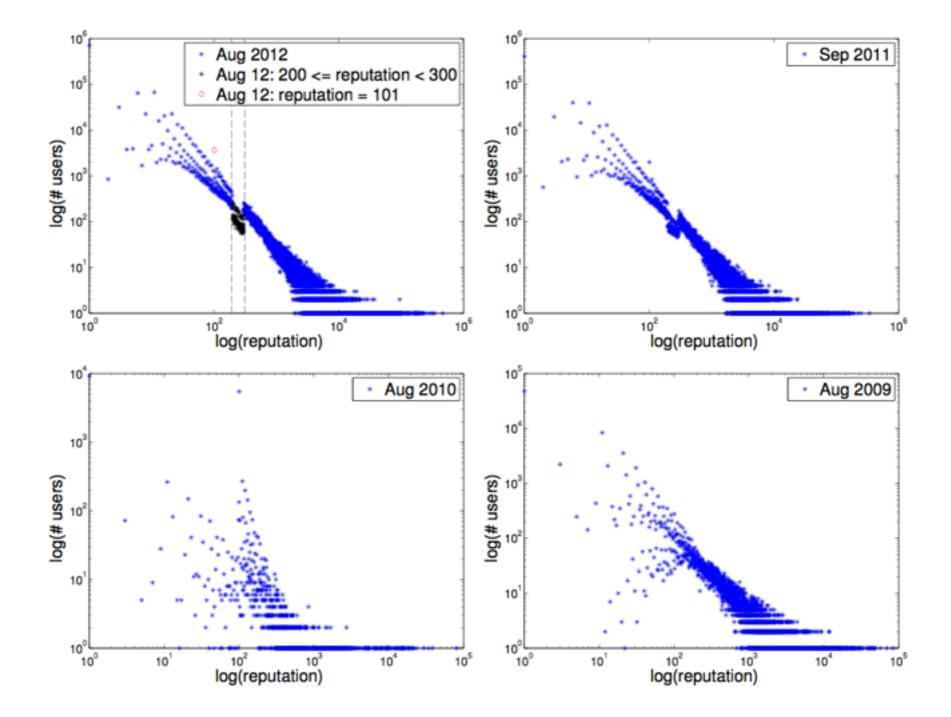
Action	Reputation change
Answer is voted up	+10
Question is voted up	+5
Answer is accepted	+15 (+2 to acceptor)
Question is voted down	-2
Answer is voted down	-2 (-1 to voter)
Experienced Stack Exchange user	onetime +100
Accepted answer to bounty	+bounty
Offer bounty on question	-bounty

SO Reputation

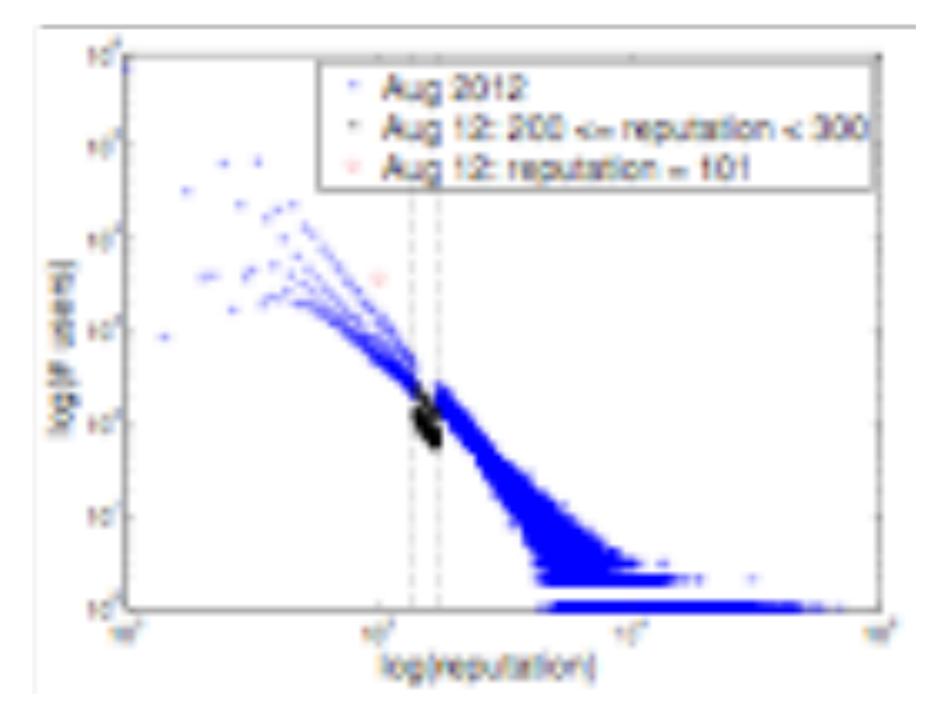
- Assumption: reputation indicates expertise
- Expert SO users:
 - top 1% (13087 users)
 - reputation >= 2400



- '09-'10 : change in reputation scheme
 - Rewarding users who provide good A rather than Q
 - Q upvote: $+10 \rightarrow +5$



- Log-logistic pattern with some deviations:
 - I. Lower-end is discretized (mixture of log-logistic functions)



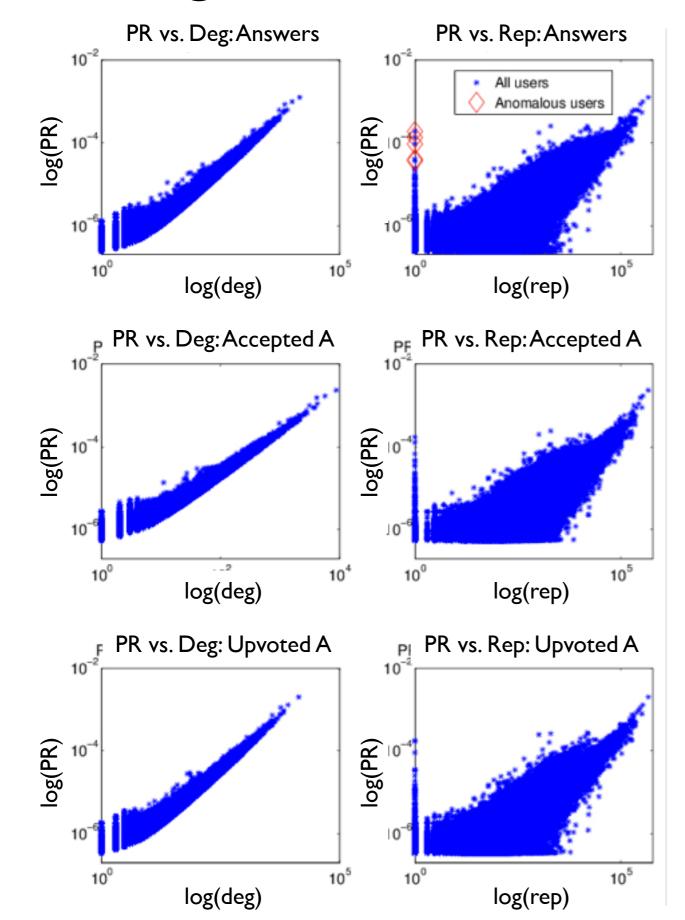
- 2. User sharing among Stack Exchange websites
 - 100 rep bonus for users with rep>200
 - New SO account: 101 rep
 - Old SO account: +100 rep

SO Interaction Graph

- Nodes = Users
- Edges define interactions:
 - 1. $\langle User\ asked\ Q \rangle \rightarrow \langle User\ answered \rangle$
 - 2. $\langle User\ asked\ Q \rangle \rightarrow \langle User\ answered\ accepted\ A \rangle$
 - $\langle User\ asked\ Q \rangle \rightarrow \langle User\ answered\ upvoted\ A \rangle$

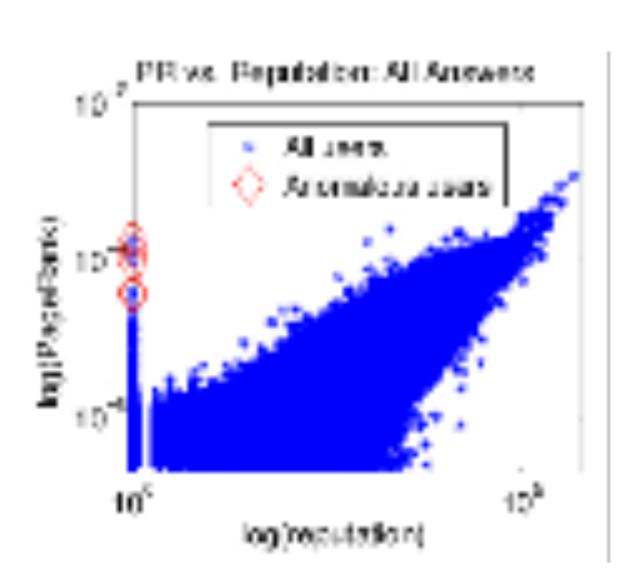
The latter two graphs represent a more meaningful interaction, since the answerer is acknowledged of providing useful information

PageRank: Not Correlated with Reputation



- PR is based on graph connectivity
- PR is better correlated with degree than reputation
- PR distribution is similar over all three interaction graphs

Explaining Anomalous Users with High PageRank



- Highlighted: 5 users with high PR and rep=I
- These users had their accounts temporarily suspended for problematic behavior (e.g. serial up- or down-voting)
- 4/5 have high rep online and in old SO snapshot (3K-47K)
- I/5 still suspended

Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

The SVD of an adjacency matrix, A, is

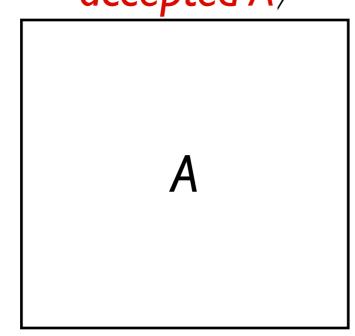
$$A = U \times \sum X V^T$$

- Columns of U: left-singular vectors
 - Eigen-vectors of AA^T
- Columns of V: right-singular vectors
 - Eigen-vectors of A^TA

Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

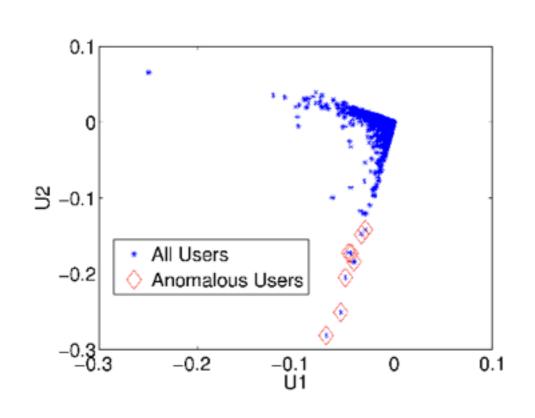
(User answered accepted A)

 $\langle User\ asked\ Q \rangle$



- Using $A = U \times \sum X V^T$
 - Identify anomalous questioners using first columns of $U(U_1, U_2, ...)$
 - Identify anomalous answerers using first columns of $V(V_1, V_2, ...)$

Anomalous Questioners

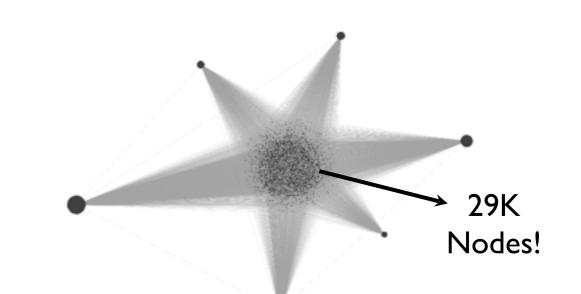


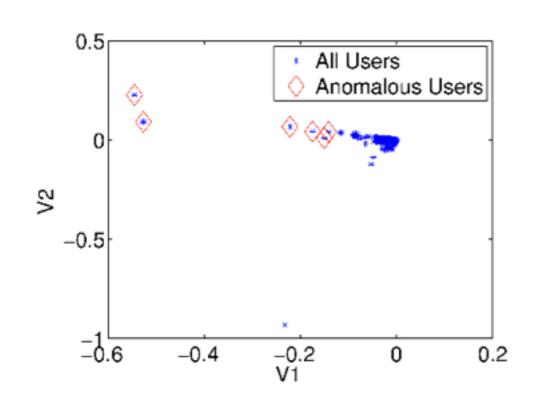
- Have high reputation:
 IK 3K
 - Mainly earned by asking questions

Answer-to-Question Z-score
$$\frac{a-q}{\sqrt{a+q}}$$

All Users	-0.04
Anomalous Questioners	-9.84

Anomalous Answerers





- Among highest reputation of SO users: 194K - 465K
- Mainly earned for helpful (accepted) answers

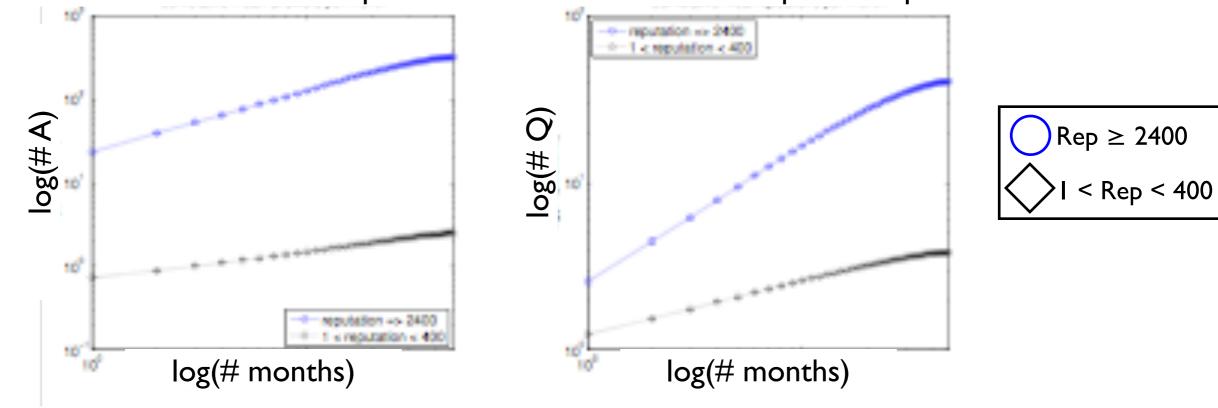
Answer-to-Question Z-score
$$\frac{a-q}{\sqrt{a+q}}$$

All Users	-0.04
Anomalous Answerers	108.63

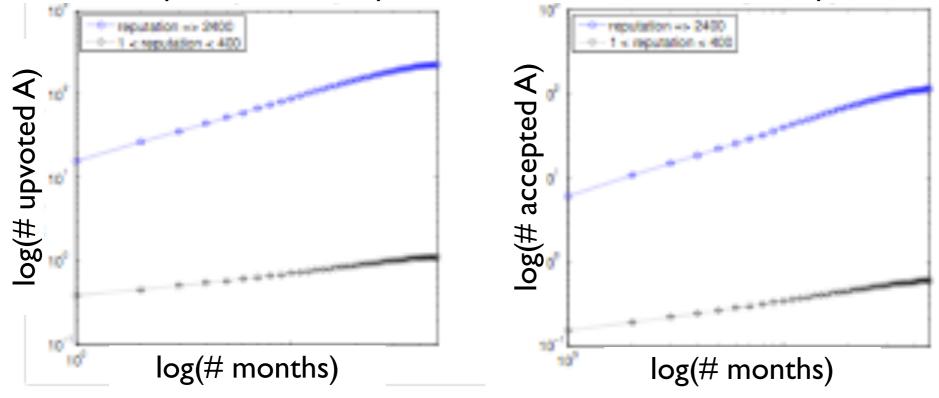
User Contributions Over Time

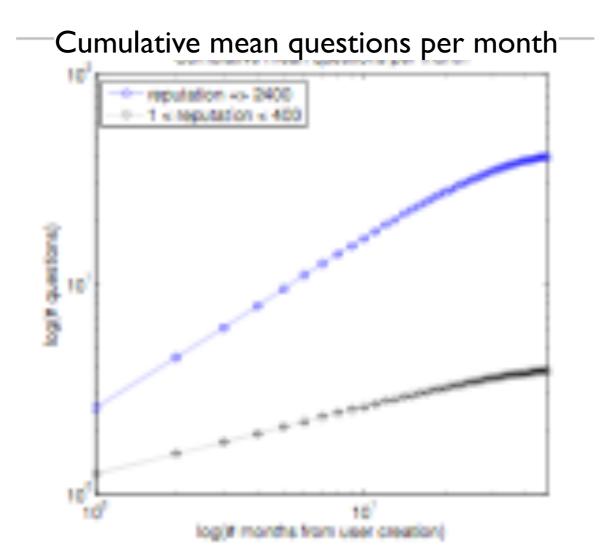
Cumulative mean answers per month

Cumulative mean questions per month



Cumulative mean upvoted answers per month Cumulative mean accepted answers per month





- Follows log-linear growth for most of the users' activity time on site → predictable pattern of site usage
- Expert users answer/ask more Q a month

Identifying Expert Users

- The analysis shows that expert users contribute more to SO throughout their time on the site
- This indicates that one can predict which users will become experts based on their early interaction patterns

Identifying Expert Users

Problem Statement:

Given information of a user's activity on SO in the first N months, we classify this user into one of two classes expert, or non-expert

Label	Reputation
Expert	> 2400
Non Expert	< 2400

Experimental Setup

- Filter out users that are not active on SO for at least a year.
- Ground truth labels are based on the current reputation.
- Train/test sets are split such that the reputation r of users is

% users	Min rep	Max rep
1/3		400
1/3	400	2400
1/3	2400	

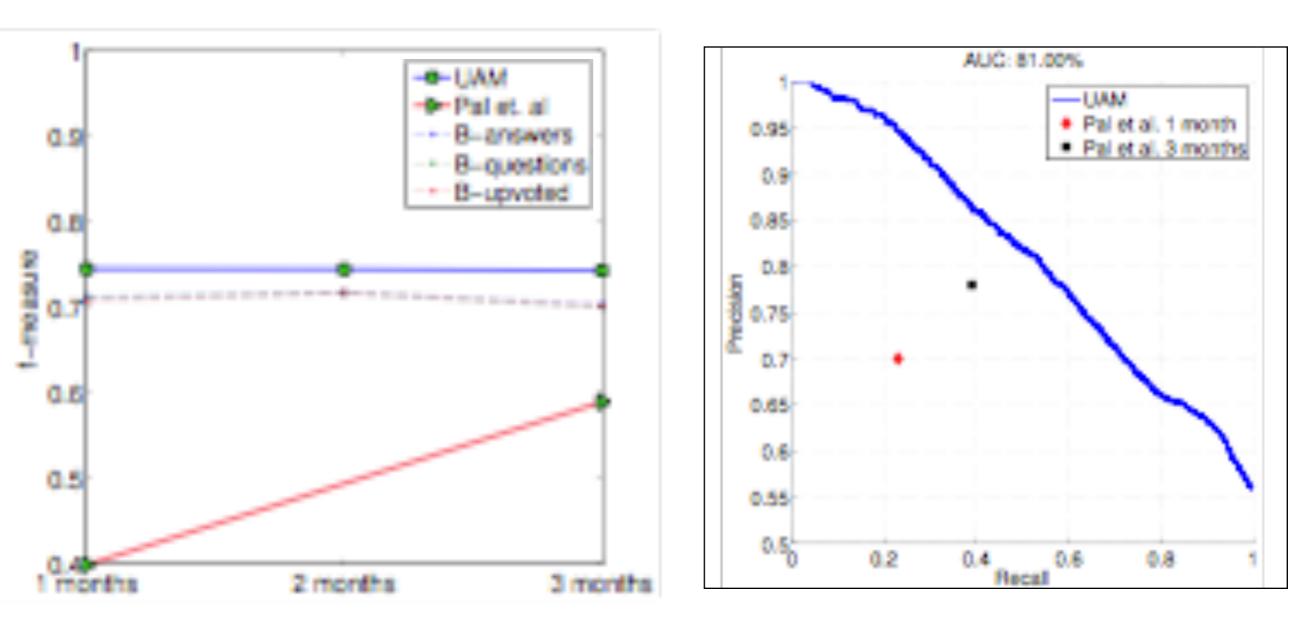
User Activity Model

- Answers
- Questions
- Accepted
- Upvoted
- Upvotes
- Comments
- QA Ratio
- AA Ratio
- UA Ratio

Results

F-measure

ROC



A. Pal, F. M. Harper, and J. A. Konstan, "Exploring question selection bias to identify experts and potential experts in community question answering,"

Summary

- We analyzed the SO reputation scheme:
 - PageRank is not well correlated with user expertise but is effective in detecting anomalous users
 - Both experts and non-experts exhibit log-linear growth in their engagement on the site
 - Expert users contribute drastically more as soon as they join the site
 - They can be identified reliably within a month of use