

OATSCON23



ISOBlue

Edge-computing on the go

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Agenda

1. ISOBlue's History
2. What's Inside ISOBlue?
3. ISOBlue Software Review
4. Research Leveraged by ISOBlue

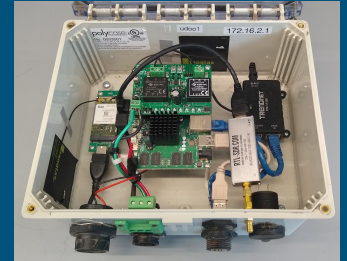
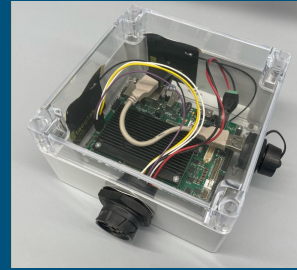
ISOBlue's History: What's ISOBlue?

OATS' open-source edge-computer for rural telematics and communications research; built with off-the-shelf hardware.

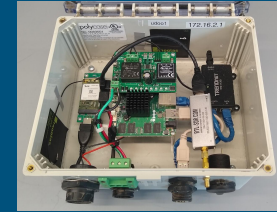
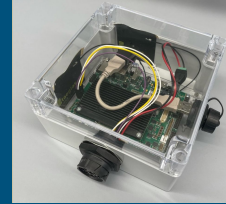
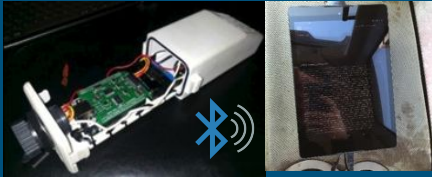
DATA SOURCES: CAN (SAE J1939), GPS, Bluetooth, Software Defined Radios (SDR), RFID tags, cameras, USB, Serial, and more coming soon.

Deployed

Indiana, Colorado, Nebraska, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Netherlands



ISOBlue's History: Genealogy



Gen 0 (2014-2016)
Beaglebone black + CAN
expansion board

- Forwarded ISOBUS data to Android tablet via Bluetooth
- Level DB-based local data storage

Gen 1 (2016-2017)
Android tablet with
CAN-USB transceivers

- Kappa data streaming architecture
- OADA API-based pipeline for data interoperability

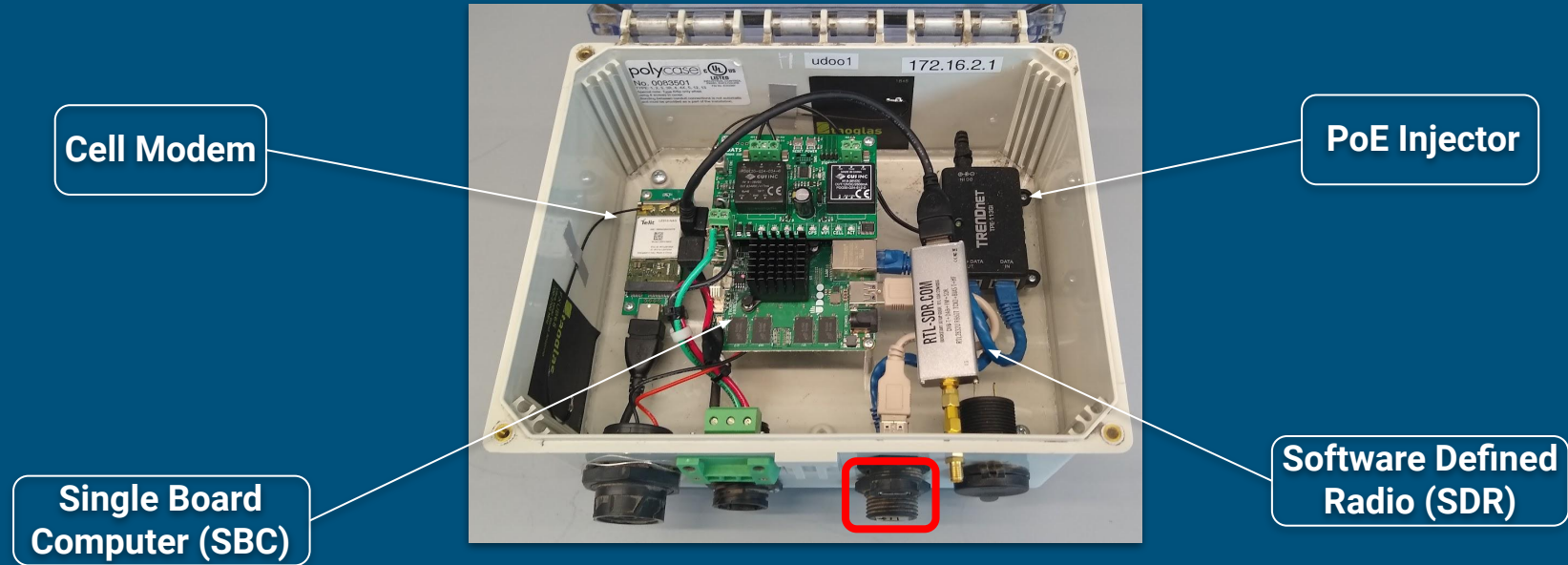
Gen 2 (2017-2020)
ARM Cortex-A9 SBC

- Apache Kafka data streaming pipeline
- Added PoE and cameras (Gen 2.1 - ISOBlue HD)
- Software is Avena based (Gen 2.2)

Gen 3 (2020-today)
Intel x86 SBCs and Avena

- Added PoE RFID readers and Software Defined Radios (SDRs)
- Hardware-agnostic design

What's Inside ISOBlue?



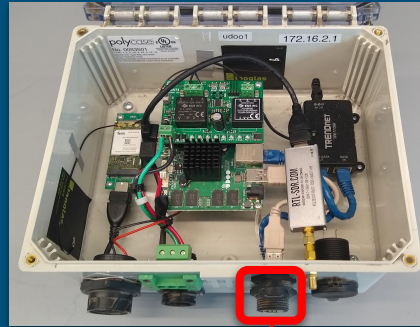
UD00 x86-based 3rd Gen. ISOBlue

What's Outside ISOBlue?

GPS modules



ISOBUS



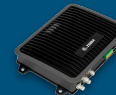
802.11s WiFi Mesh radios



LTE/5G modems



IP Cameras




UHF RFID readers



LoRaWAN gateways

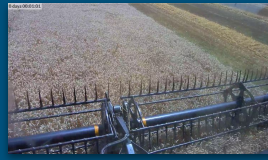
Research Leveraged by ISOBlue

 **ISOBlue HD**: an open-source platform for collecting context-rich agricultural machinery datasets

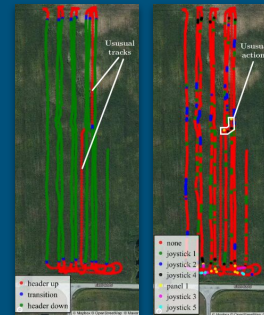
Made possible by **integrating** data sources and leveraging AI developments through comprehensive datasets



ISOBlue HD successfully collected CAN, GPS, and video data from a combine harvester during a 2019 wheat harvest. Video data captured header status and operator actions.



Built upon ISOBlue 2.0



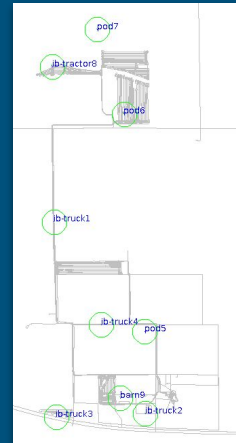
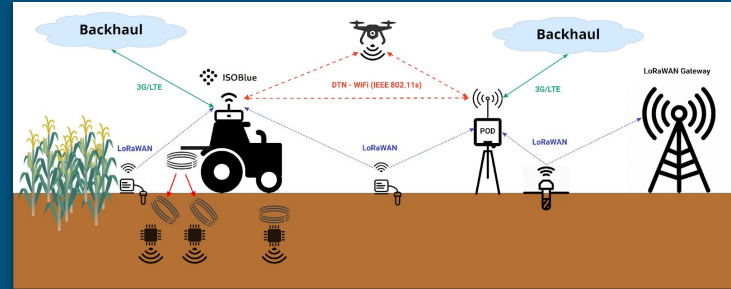
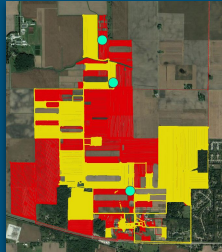
GPS track data, paired with contextual labels, can reveal information that cannot be easily obtained from GPS track only. For example, header position contexts provide a clear separation between harvest and non-harvest area.

Research Leveraged by ISOBlue

Delay Tolerant Networks (DTNs)

Computer networks for applications where mainstream communication channels are not available or work with low performance.

Made possible by exploiting the movement of vehicles equipped with edge-computers to establish peer-to-peer wireless links



Scenario	Delivery Rate η	Avg. Latency (s)	Avg. Hop Count	Overhead Ω
Trucks	0.64	3566.93	1.73	6.38
Tractor	0.347	7040.24	1.26	2.44
All Assets	0.70	3179.11	1.86	8.07

- DTNs are able to **transport data** from field sensors to other nodes without relying on mainstream channels
- Better **suited for low-rate** variables
- Performance highly **depends** on vehicle **operations** and **interactions** with other nodes

Research Leveraged by ISOBlue

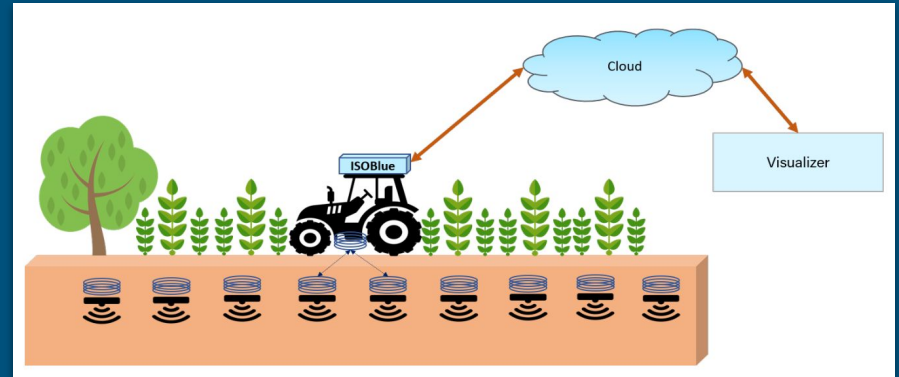
Underground Sensing via RFID

Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) can be used as a communication link for sensors buried underground for transferring data to ISOBlue

Sensors buried underground are energy limited and RFID provides information transfer via backscattering

Goals:

1. **Create a communication channel for underground sensors to reach the cloud**
 2. **Build the system on commercially available hardware that encourages an open source software ecosystem**
- **Passive RFID is battery less - Set and forget equipment**
 - **Very inexpensive compared to powered communication techniques**



A blue-tinted photograph of a cornfield under a cloudy sky. The corn plants are in the foreground, and the sky is filled with white clouds. The text "THANK YOU!" is centered in the upper half of the image.

THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?